## **HOUSE BILL No. 1118**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 14-22-6-12.1; IC 15-5-9.

**Synopsis:** Coyote bounty. Specifies that the department of natural resources must determine when bounties may be paid on coyotes. Provides for payment of verified coyote bounty claims from the township dog fund. Makes conforming amendments.

Effective: July 1, 2003.

## Grubb, Ulmer

January 7, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural Development.





First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1118**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning natural and cultural resources.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SEC	TION	I 1.	IC 1	4-22-0	5-12.1	IS	ADI	DED	TO	THI	E INI	DIANA
CODE	AS	Α	NEV	V SE	ECTIO	N	TO	REA	۸D	AS	FOL	LOWS
[EFFEC	CTIVI	E JU	LY 1	, 200	3]: <b>Se</b>	c. 1	2.1. (	(a) T	he o	lepai	rtmer	it shal
determ	ine fo	rac	ertai	n per	iod wl	hetl	ier a	bour	ıty i	s ava	ilable	under
IC 15-5	5-9 fo	r a c	oyote	kille	d in a	cei	rtain	Indi	ana	cour	ity ba	ised or
a deter	mina	tion	tha	the	popu	lati	on o	of co	yote	s in	the	county
present	ts a th	reat	to d	omest	tic ani	ima	ls or	wild	gan	ne an	imal	s in the
county.												

- (b) To claim a coyote bounty under IC 15-5-9, an individual shall deliver to a conservation officer (as defined in IC 14-9-8-1):
  - (1) both ears of the coyote for which the bounty is claimed; and
  - (2) a sworn statement verifying the date and location where the coyote was killed.
- (c) When a claim is submitted under subsection (b) the conservation officer shall:
  - (1) verify whether a determination has been made under



10

11 12 13

14

15

16

17

IN 1118—LS 6635/DI 97+

V

1	subsection (a) that a bounty was available in the county at the
2	time the coyote was killed; and
3	(2) if a bounty was available under subdivision (1), present to
4	the individual a verified coyote bounty claim form created by
5	the department.
6	(d) The department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
7	implement this section.
8	SECTION 2. IC 15-5-9-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
9	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 8. (a) All money derived by the
10	taxing of dogs under this chapter shall constitute a fund known as the
11	township dog fund that the township trustee shall use in the manner
12	provided in this chapter for the payment of the following:
13	(1) Damages, less insurance proceeds, sustained by owners of the
14	following stock, fowl, or game killed, maimed, or damaged by
15	dogs:
16	(A) Sheep.
17	(B) Cattle.
18	(C) Horses.
19	(D) Swine.
20	(E) Goats.
21	(F) Mules.
22	(G) Chickens.
23	(H) Geese.
24	(I) Turkeys.
25	(J) Ducks.
26	(K) Guineas.
27	(L) Tame rabbits.
28	(M) Game birds and game animals held in captivity under
29	authority of a game breeder's license issued by the department
30	of natural resources.
31	(N) Bison.
32	(O) Farm raised cervidae.
33	(P) Ratitae.
34	(2) The expense of taking the Pasteur treatment for hydrophobia
35	incurred by any person bitten by or exposed to a dog known to
36	have hydrophobia, within any township of Indiana.
37	(3) A verified coyote bounty claim under IC 14-22-6-12.1.
38	(b) Any person requiring the treatment described in subsection
39	(a)(2) may select the person's own physician.
40	(c) No damages shall be assessed or paid under this chapter on
41	sheep except where individual damage exists or is shown.
42	(d) This subsection applies to a county whose legislative body has



1	acted under this subsection. A county legislative body may designate
2	by ordinance one (1) humane society located in that county to receive
3	fifty cents (\$0.50) from each dog tax payment collected under this
4	chapter.
5	(e) A humane society designated under subsection (d) shall use the
6	funds disbursed to the society to maintain an animal shelter.
7	(f) If a county does not designate a humane society to receive
8	payments under subsection (d), those amounts remain in the township
9	dog fund.
10	SECTION 3. IC 15-5-9-9.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 9.1. (a) In order to
12	qualify for payment for damages by a township trustee under this
13	chapter, the owner of stock, fowl, or game listed in section 8(a)(1) of
14	this chapter killed, maimed, or damaged by dogs shall do the following:
15	(1) Not more than seventy-two (72) hours after the time of the
16	loss, notify one (1) of the following having jurisdiction in the
17	location where the loss occurred:
18	(A) A law enforcement officer.
19	(B) An officer of a county or municipal animal control center,
20	shelter, or similar impounding facility.
21	(2) Within twenty (20) days from the time of the loss, report the
22	loss to the trustee of his township as follows:
23	(A) Under oath, the owner shall state:
24	(i) the number, age, and value of the stock, fowl, or game;
25	and
26	(ii) the damages, less any insurance proceeds, sustained.
27	(B) In an affidavit, the owner must be joined by two (2)
28	disinterested and reputable freeholders residing in the
29	township in which the stock, fowl, or game were killed,
30	maimed, or damaged. The affidavit must state that the
31	freeholders are:
32	(i) disinterested; and
33	(ii) not related by blood or marriage to the claimant.
34	(C) No appraisement may exceed the actual cash value of the
35	stock, fowl, or game. As it applies to ratitae, cash value is no
36	more than the slaughter value.
37	(D) The owner shall provide verification of the loss by an
38	officer under subdivision (1).
39	(E) No loss shall be paid for property owned by a claimant on
40	the last property tax assessment date if the property was not
41	reported by the owner for assessment purposes at that time.
42	(b) An officer who receives notice under subsection (a)(1) shall visit



1	the scene of the loss, verify the loss in writing, and mark the animal so
2	that the animal can support only one (1) claim under this chapter.
3	(c) To claim a coyote bounty, an individual who receives a
4	verified coyote bounty claim form under IC 14-22-6-12.1 shall
5	submit the claim form to the township trustee of the township in
6	which the coyote was killed.
7	SECTION 4. IC 15-5-9-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 10. (a) The trustees
9	shall register and pay:
10	(1) damages for all losses; and
11	(2) verified coyote bounty claims at a rate of five dollars (\$5)
12	per bounty;
13	in the order in which the losses are reported and verified coyote
14	bounty claims are made.
15	(b) A person may not receive payment from the trustee for stock,
16	fowl, or game listed in section 8(a)(1) of this chapter:
17	(1) that are killed, maimed, or damaged by any dog or dogs owned
18	or harbored by that person;
19	(2) for which the person received from another person an amount
20	equal to the actual damages; or
21	(3) for which the owner has not complied with section 9.1 of this
22	chapter.
23	(c) When rabies shall develop in any stock, fowl, or game listed in
24	section 8(a)(1) of this chapter, however contracted, and when the
25	existence of such disease shall be proven by:
26	(1) laboratory diagnosis, made in the laboratory of the state
27	department of health, or some other laboratory maintained by
28	state, county, or municipal funds; or
29	(2) affidavit of an attending legally qualified graduate
30	veterinarian;
31	the owner of such animal with rabies shall be entitled to recover in the
32	same amount and manner as provided in sections 8 and 9.1 of this
33	chapter.
34	(d) Whenever any dog not accompanied by the dog's owner or
35	owner's agent is suspected of having rabies and found roaming at large,
36	and the dog dies or is destroyed on said account, the trustee shall do the
37	following:
38	(1) Remove or have removed the head of the dog.
39	(2) Pay from the township dog fund the following:
40	(A) A reasonable fee for the removal of the dog's head.
41	(B) All charges for transporting the head to a laboratory
42	maintained by state, county, or municipal funds. If no money



1	is available in the dog fund of the township, then such
2	necessary fees shall be paid out of the township fund without
3	appropriations having been made.
4	(e) On the first Monday of March of each year, the township shall
5	transfer the following to the county treasurer:
6	(1) Any funds in a township dog fund designated for a humane
7	society under section 8 of this chapter.
8	(2) Any amount in a township dog fund exceeding three hundred
9	dollars (\$300) over and above orders drawn on the fund.
10	(f) The funds transferred to the county treasurer under subsection (e)
11	shall be deposited in the county dog fund. On the second Monday in
12	March of each year, the money in the county dog fund shall be
13	distributed as follows:
14	(1) Among the townships of the county in which the orders drawn
15	against the dog fund exceed the money on hand.
16	(2) To a humane society designated under section 8 of this
17	chapter.
18	(g) If the funds in the county dog fund, after any distribution to a
19	designated humane society, are insufficient to pay for all verified
20	coyote bounty claims and stock, fowl, or game listed in section
21	8(a)(1) of this chapter that are killed, maimed, or damaged by dogs of
22	all the townships in the county, the distribution shall be made in the
23	ratio of the orders drawn against the dog fund of the townships and
24	unpaid and unprovided for. The ratio shall be obtained from the report
25	of the trustees of the townships made to the auditor of the county.
26	(h) The report under subsection (g) shall be made by each township
27	trustee of the county upon the first Monday of March of each year and
28	must show the following:
29	(1) All receipts into the dog fund of the township.
30	(2) All orders drawn against the township fund in the order in
31	which the orders were drawn.
32	(i) If the funds in the dog fund of any township and the share of the
33	county dog fund distributed to such township during any year are
34	insufficient to pay for all verified coyote bounty claims and stock,
35	fowl, and game listed in section 8(a)(1) of this chapter that are killed,
36	maimed, or damaged by dogs in such township during such year, any
37	such <b>bounties claimed</b> , losses registered, and any orders drawn which
38	are unpaid and unprovided for shall be paid out of the state dog
39	account.
40	(j) If upon the first Monday in May of any year there is a surplus left
41	of the county dog fund after provisions have been made for the
42	payment of all verified coyote bounty claims and stock, fowl, and
	ray and story the first transfer of the story transfer of the stor



game listed in section 8(a)(1) of this chapter that are killed, maimed, or damaged by dogs of all the townships of the county and the distribution to any designated humane society, the surplus shall be:

(1) paid to the auditor of state; and

1

2

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40 41

42

(2) placed in a separate account of the general fund of the state treasury known as the state dog account.

SECTION 5. IC 15-5-9-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 11. On or before the first day of May of each year, the trustee of each township shall make a report in writing, to the county auditor, of the amount of all claims in his township for verified covote bounty claims and livestock, fowls, or game which have been destroyed or damaged by dogs, and which claims have been filed before March 9, 1937, or which may be filed thereafter but have not been paid for lack of funds. On or before the second Monday in May of each year, the auditor of each county shall make a report, in writing, to the auditor of state, in such form as the auditor of state shall prescribe, of the amount of all such claims in his county which have been filed and which have not been paid for lack of funds, and on or before the second Monday in July, the auditor of state shall issue his warrant, payable to the auditor of each such county, for the amount of the unpaid claims. The warrant shall be drawn on the state dog account. Upon the receipt of the money, the auditor of the county shall distribute the funds to the respective townships of his county entitled thereto, and the trustee of the township shall pay all unpaid claims of his township, in the order in which the claims were filed. If in any year there is not sufficient money in the state dog account to pay all of the claims, the auditor of state shall make such distribution, as near as practicable, in proportion to the aggregate value of verified coyote bounty claims and livestock, fowls, or game for the destruction of which or the damage to which claims have been filed in the respective counties, and the county auditor shall distribute the money so received to the several townships in the same proportion. All money in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) remaining in the state dog account after such annual distribution shall have been made as hereinbefore provided shall be distributed by the auditor of state in the manner following:

- (a) One-half (1/2) of such excess or one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) of such excess, whichever sum is the lesser, shall be distributed to Purdue University for the School of Veterinary Science and Medicine to be used solely for canine disease research.
- (b) The balance remaining of such excess, after the distribution to



1	Purdue University is made as hereinbefore provided, shall be
2	distributed to the general fund of each county in direct proportion
3	to the total amount of money paid into the dog account on the
4	second Monday in May by the county prior to the distribution.
5	Of the funds returned to the respective counties the county may, with
6	the approval of the county commissioners and the county council,
7	construct dog pounds within said counties

C o p

